Article - Criminal Law

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§4-501.

- (a) In this subtitle the following words have the meanings indicated.
- (b) (1) "Destructive device" means explosive material, incendiary material, or toxic material that is:
- (i) combined with a delivery or detonating apparatus so as to be capable of inflicting injury to persons or damage to property; or
- (ii) deliberately modified, containerized, or otherwise equipped with a special delivery, activation, or detonation component that gives the material destructive characteristics of a military ordnance.
- (2) "Destructive device" includes a bomb, grenade, mine, shell, missile, flamethrower, poison gas, Molotov cocktail, pipe bomb, and petroleum-soaked ammonium nitrate.
- (c) (1) "Explosive material" means material that explodes when detonated and has a destructive capability.
 - (2) "Explosive material" includes:
- (i) explosives as defined in § 11-101 of the Public Safety Article; and
- (ii) dynamite for construction work, ammonium nitrate, natural gas in pipelines or storage tanks, ether, and cannisterized oxygen for health care facilities.
- (3) "Explosive material" does not include items excluded from explosives in § 11-101 of the Public Safety Article when the items are used in their original configuration.
 - (d) (1) "Incendiary material" means a flammable or combustible liquid.
- (2) "Incendiary material" includes gasoline, acetone, benzene, butane, jet fuel, fuel oil, kerosene, and diesel fuel.

- (e) (1) "Toxic material" means material that is capable of causing death or serious bodily injury almost immediately on being absorbed through the skin, inhaled, or ingested.
 - (2) "Toxic material" includes:
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- (ii) a biological substance containing a disease organism or microorganism.

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